





### The CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System

Precision control of your cell culture environment for advanced live cell imaging & microscopy





# Leading the way in science and technology

Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany is a leading science and technology company in healthcare, life science and performance materials. Around 50,000 employees work to further develop technologies that improve and enhance life – from biopharmaceutical therapies to treat cancer or multiple sclerosis, cutting-edge systems for scientific research and production, to liquid crystals for smartphones and LCD televisions. Founded in 1668, we are the world's oldest pharmaceutical and chemical company.

Our Life Science team is dedicated to providing scientists and engineers with best-in-class technologies, lab materials and services with the intention of making research and production simpler, faster and more successful.

Our solutions enable scientists to spend more time advancing the promise of science through technologies that help detect the previously undetectable, and products that make it possible to monitor live cells in intricate detail.







Cleanroom for CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System, Hayward, California, USA.



# Quality, reliability and a growing array of publications.

### Introducing the CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System

With a history of success, dedication to innovation and expertise in life science, Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany, is committed to providing the highest quality, most reliable and relevant products for life science research and production.

The CellASIC® ONIX2 System incorporates extraordinary improvements to traditional live cell observation and experimentation, using advanced microfluidics technology with computer automation to manipulate the culture environment under controlled conditions while allowing you to monitor the cells as they react in real-time.

This second generation CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System is backed by a strong history of distinctive publications, stringent, globally-certified manufacturing and quality processes, and a multinational organization committed to delivering the utmost in local service and support.

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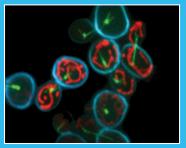
### Life is Dynamic

### Why study living processes by killing your cells?

Scientists recognize that live cell analysis yields necessary and unique insight into living processes that are rapidly changing. While collecting data from a moment in time with classical endpoint analyses has value, the increasingly common practice of observing and measuring cellular changes over extended periods of time reveals more about the true behavior of biological systems. The challenge has been in creating a dynamic cell culture environment that is controllable, manipulatable, and reproducible.

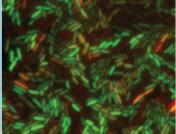
### Live cell imaging to transform your research

Move beyond the status quo and gain unprecedented insight into live cells using advanced microfluidics technology. With the CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System, you too can easily and efficiently create a stable, reproducible environment for imaging. See how it can transform your research.

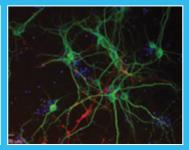


S. cerevisiae yeast cells with labeled mitochondria (red), cell wall (cyan), and tubulin (green), imaged in CellASIC® ONIX yeast haploid plate.

Image credit: Maja Bialecka-Fornal, University of California, Irvine, Rafelski Lab.



Measuring a gene circuit in *E. coli* in a time-lapse experiment with the CellASIC® ONIX B04 bacterial microfluidic plate. Images were acquired at 100x magnification.



Culturing primary rat cortical neurons (GFP) cultured in the CellASIC® ONIX M04S mammalian microfluidic plate.

Microfluidic technology is changing the way we perform live cell analysis. The CellASIC ONIX Microfluidic System is amazingly easy to use yet highly adaptable, which greatly reduces the barrier to adopting this emerging technology.

- Dr. Jintao Liu, Ph.D., UCSD

# The CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System

### Precision control of your cell culture environment for advanced live cell imaging and microscopy.

The ability to grow, observe and manipulate complex cultures requires precision control over the cell culture environment. The second generation CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System is a refined, yet powerful, automated platform for precise manipulation of multiple key cell culture parameters, enabling measurement of cellular responses to pre-programmed media, temperature, and gas environment changes.

The CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfludic System uses high quality, optically clear microfluidic plates and intuitive software, while integrating with a broad range of inverted microscopes to allow continuous, high magnification observation of live cells—as they react to their environment in time.





# Controller System: Small footprint, integrated microincubator controller maintains fluid movement, reagent additions, temperature, and gas conditions.



### Microfluidic Plates: Application specific plates bring new cell culture capabilities for live cell imaging.



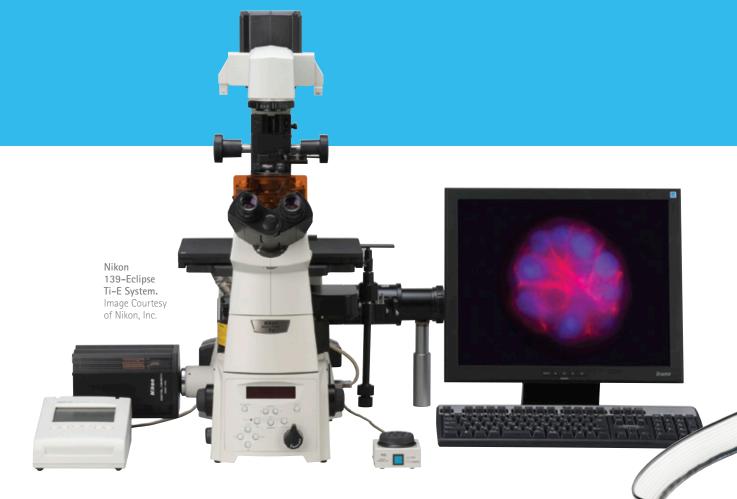
### Manifold:

Low-profile, high quality, high optical clarity culture chambers and manifold, mount easily on an inverted microscope—without the need for a bulky environmental chamber.



#### Software:

Intuitive software enables quick and easy set-up of detailed protocols for truly automated hands-free cell culture.



## The boost your microscope needs for advanced live cell imaging.

The CellASIC® ONIX2 System turns your microscope into a powerful live cell culture and imaging system that works in conjunction with your capture and analysis software.

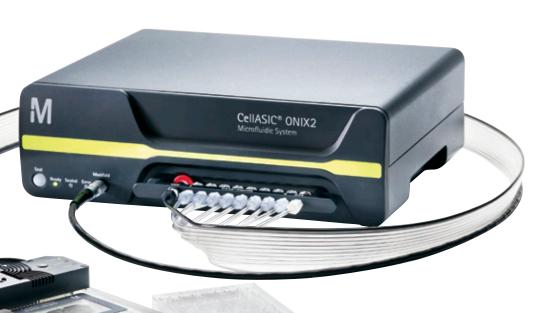
You've invested in a powerful microscope; don't limit its use to observing live cells in a static fashion. Enhance your return on investment and obtain more meaningful data using the CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System as your live cell imaging platform. The low-profile manifold and plate assembly are easily positioned and removed from the microscope stage providing maximum ease of use and flexibility.

things unfold before your eyes. It's very powerful to see, visually what the cells are doing and how they change in space and as a function of time, because biology is a dynamic process...and watching the cells do what they do is something that really appeals to us and is driving our science.

- Dr. Gurol Suel, UCSD

### There is simply no better way to conduct live cell analysis.

Watch cells change through time and space, all with the precision of the CellASIC® ONIX2 System. Automatically control flow rates, gas and temperature shifts, standing gradients, nutrient/drug additions, and media changes. With uninterrupted high resolution microscopic culture observation and truly consistent, controlled cell culture, you'll answer the questions that set your research apart.





Small footprint, integrated microincubator controller maintains fluid movement, reagent additions, temperature, and gas mixture.

### Eight critical cell culture parameters can be controlled by the CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System:

Parameter	If too low, can cause:	If too high, can cause:
Temperature	Decreased cell response	Increased respiration / protein damage
Oxygen Level	Decreased pH / increased glycolysis	Increased ROS, membrane damage
Growth Factors	Increased apoptosis / decreased protein synthesis	Increased angiogenesis and cell division
Humidity	Increased osmolarity / cell metabolism / oxidative stress	Could damage imaging equipment
рН	Protein and membrane denaturation	Increased alkalosis and dehydration
Osmolality	Decreased cell division / increased autophagic proteolysis and cell rupture	Increased oxidative stress, DNA breakage, and nutrient digestion
Glucose	Decreased autophagy and metabolism	Increased apoptosis and ROS
ECM and Adhesion	Decreased angiogenesis / aberrant differentiation	Increased cell adhesion, chemotaxis, proliferation

### Application-specific microfluidic plates for optimized, bio-inspired cell culture.



Application-specific plates bring new cell culture capabilities for live cell imaging.

The key to microenvironment control using the CellASIC® ONIX2 System is in coupling precision manufactured microfluidic cell culture plates with an automated perfusion system to provide a controlled environment optimized for high resolution live cell imaging.

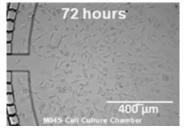
#### Optimized, bioinspired cell culture

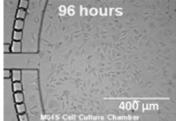
Different cells need different environments. CellASIC® ONIX Microfluidic Plates are designed to optimize cell health during dynamic live cell experiments. Various application specific plate designs give you the flexibility to probe the questions that interest you most.

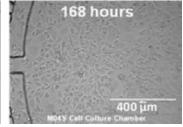


### Healthy long-term cultures outside the incubator.

NIH 3T3 cells were cultured in the CellASIC® ONIX Microfluidic System (M04S plate) with continuous perfusion and monitored using bright field microscopy for 168 hours.

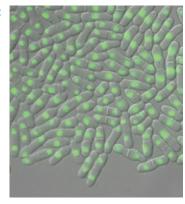






#### Key advantages of the CellASIC® ONIX2 microfluidic plates:

- Rapid perturbations of environmental parameters due to the tiny microfluidic volumes involved
- Perfusion microbarriers allow continuous reagent transport without shearing stress
- High resolution imaging through optical glass bottom and chamber structures that keep cells in a single focal plane
- Ability to run multiple independent experiments simultaneously
- Continuous access of nutrients and ongoing removal of waste, promoting optimal cell health.



Fission yeast, cultured and imaged in the CellASIC® Y04D microfluidic plate. Image courtesy of Prof. Hironori Niki, National Institute of Genetics, Japan.

### Merck Millipore's strength in engineering and quality systems are ideally suited to meet the challenges for consistent and scalable microfluidic plate manufacturing:

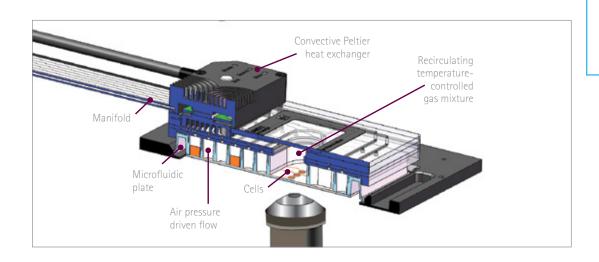
- · Patented microfluidic manufacturing method
- Multi-layer molding capability from 0.5-150 microns
- Commitment to continuous improvement of product quality

### Low-profile manifold replaces bulky environmental chambers.

The key to high-resolution, long-term cell imaging is being able to control the culture environment without impeding optical access to the cells. This is complicated by the proximity of microscope elements (objective lens, condenser, stage), and the need for an unobstructed light path through the sample without hindering stage or objective movement. The miniaturization provided by the CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System is not only valuable for easily controlling temperature and fluids but also maintains a small footprint for use directly on the microscope stage for optimal clarity and ease of use.



clarity culture chambers and manifold, mount easily on an inverted microscope—without the need for a bulky environmental chamber.



A low-profile manifold connects the control system with the microfluidic plates. Various manifold layouts are available to address different plate formats and application types.

#### Manifold Advantages:

- Manifold seals to the microfluidic plate via "one-touch" vacuum mechanism.
- Pressure-driven flow of liquids to the cell chamber provides high precision even at very small volumes.
- No contact between the flow system and the biological solutions (on the plate) prevents contamination.
- Low-profile manifold is easy to adapt to any inverted microscope stage.

What the CellASIC® system lets us do is very rapidly turn on and off conditions or insults while following single cells.

- Dr. Ethan Garner, Harvard University

### Intuitive software adds the power of automation to your experiment.



Intuitive software enables quick and easy set-up of detailed protocols for truly automated hands-free cell culture. Set your parameters, time your changes and the system does the rest. Simple and straightforward, the intuitive interface makes it possible for experts or novice users to get started guickly and easily, while ensuring consistency throughout the experiment.

#### In addition, the software offers:

- Clearly defined protocols with all experimental parameters saved in one file
- Convenience and reproducibility to repeat an experiment, just put in a new plate, and click 'run'.
- Consistency and reliability Better portability and control of software protocols means more consistent experimentation.
- Error checking, self test, and data logging all make for better troubleshooting and serviceability.
- The ability to use together with your microscopy software synchronize imaging with cell experiment control, and connect your experiment data with your image data.



...We've been able to quickly and easily perform novel and technologically demanding experiments without any prior microfluidic experience. I've been able to focus on the fundamental biological questions while letting CellASIC® provide me with the tools I need to answer them.

- Maheshri Lab, MIT

### Discover new insights to dynamic cellular processes.

The CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System provides detailed information about live cell processes with ultra-high quality images and complete environment control.

### Dynamic assays on adherent and non-adherent cells

CellASIC® ONIX2 Advantage:	Application			
High resolution imaging in single focal plane with controlled nutrient flow for tracking single cells over time	Yeast single cell response		S. cerevisiae cells expressing GFP-tubulin and SPC42- mCherry during alpha-factor exposure and arrest. Images were acquired at 60x magnification. Courtesy of S. Lacefield, U. Indiana	
Measure multi-generational responses to live bacteria while maintaining cells in a single focal plane for days	Bacterial single cell response		A gene circuit in <i>E. coli</i> was induced and visualized for a time-lapse experiment in the CellASIC® ONIX B04 microfluidic plate. Images were acquired at 100x magnification.	
Continuous monitoring of community dynamics and precise control of growth environment	Bacterial biofilm dynamics		Time lapse, composite image of bacterial biofilm growth. Courtesy of the Suel lab, UCSD.	
LIONHEART EX	M	CCIASC* OAECQ	The CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System works with your inverted microscope to enable long-term cell perfusion experiments and dynamic time-lapse analysis. (Shown with Lionheart™ FX automated Live Cell Imager from BioTek® Instruments)	

### Control cell culture conditions to induce and observe reactions in real-time.

### Rapid gas and media switching capabilities

#### CellASIC® ONIX2 Advantage: **Application** Cell response to hypoxic Fast and precise control over culture LAMP1-RFP/LC3-GFP CHO conditions to induce hypoxic, starvation, environments reporter cells cultured on the or toxic microenvironments CellASIC® ONIX system showing autophagosomes (green) and lysosomes (red) during a hypoxia-induced autophagy assay over 24 hours. Microfluidic control of nutrient additions Cell response to changing Long-term live cell microscopy of during continuous observation media conditions, drugs, cellular cytoskeletal changes in HeLa and other stimulants cells with precise microenvironment control. Cells were stained for tubuliin (green) and actin (red) using "in-plate" immunostaining with multi-solution, automated washing and exposure programs, in the CellASIC® ONIX M04S Microfluidic Plate. Image was acquired at 100X magnification. High resolution imaging of dynamic Host-pathogen interactions Host-pathogen assay monitoring cellular interactions of M. tuberculosis-RFPinfection in macrophages

Since I aim to quantify mitochondrial morphology, I require constant, stable imaging conditions that maintain the health of the cells, which the CellASIC® ONIX System does very well.

- Marshall Lab, UCSF

### Enhance live cell imaging with stable, optimized culture conditions.

### Maintenance of constant environment for optimal cell culture

### CellASIC® ONIX2 Advantage: **Application** Microfluidic control creates stable Chemotaxis/migration in Chemotaxis/migration in response to chemogradient standing chemical gradients response to chemogradient HL-60 neutrophil migration in response to a chemokine. This frame from a live cell analysis video shows cells concentrating toward the chemokine in one chamber of a CellASIC® ONIX M04G Microfluidic Gradient Plate. Courtesy of Jason Park, Wendell Lim Lab, UCSF. Microfluidics and computer control allow Setting optimal culture Primary rat cortical neurons quick adjustments to microenvironment parameters for difficult cultured in the CellASIC® ONIX parameters and media changes, all while cell types or long term M04S Microfluidic Plate to Day 15 experiments and immunostained in-plate for recording cell behavior MAP2 (Green GFP, neurons) and GFAP (Red RFP, astrocytes; 40X). Control and perfusion dynamics create Microscopy of 3D cell Observation of multi-day more in vivo-like environment for complex culture morphology changes of 3D cancer cultures spheroids cultured in extracellular matrix. MCF-10A breast cancer cells were suspended in Matrigel® substrate and grown in the CellASIC® ONIX M04S Microfluidic Plate. Cells were stained for actin (red) and nuclei (blue). Image was acquired at 40X magnification.

### A Growing Array of Distinguished Publications

The CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System is the next generation of a well- established and highly published technology. Here is a sampling of recent publications.

Find more by visiting our website at: www.merckmillipore.com/cellasic-publications

### Yeast

Kabeche R, Howard L, Moseley JB. Eisosomes provide membrane reservoirs for rapid expansion of the yeast plasma membrane. J. Cell Sci., Nov 2015; 128: 4057 - 4062. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26403204

Peroza EA, Ewald JC, Parakkal G, Skotheim JM, Zamboni N; A genetically encoded FRET sensor for monitoring in vivo trehalose-6-phosphate dynamics; Analytical Biochemistry 2015, Apr 1; 474:1-7. doi:10.1016/j. ab.2014.12.019 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25582303

Kabeche R, Madrid M, Cansado J, Moseley JB. Eisosomes Regulate Phosphatidylinositol 4,5-Bisphosphate (PI(4,5)P2) Cortical Clusters and Mitogen-activated Protein (MAP) Kinase Signaling upon Osmotic Stress. J. Biol. Chem., Oct 2015; 290: 25960 - 25973.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26359496

Mazo-Vargas A, Park H, Aydin M, Buchler NE; Measuring fast gene dynamics in single cells with time-lapse luminescence microscopy; Mol. Biol. Cell November 5, 2014 vol. 25 no. 22 3699-3708; doi: 10.1091/mbc.E14-07-1187

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25232010

Burke TA, Christensen JR, Barone E, Suarez C, Sirotkin V, Kovar DR. Homeostatic actin cytoskeleton networks are regulated by assembly factor competition for monomers. Curr Biol. 2014 Mar 3;24(5):579-85.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24560576

Meyer RE, Kim S, Obeso D, Straight PD, Winey M, Dawson DS. Mps1 and lpl1/Aurora B act sequentially to correctly orient chromosomes on the meiotic spindle of budding yeast. Science. 2013 Mar 1;339(6123):1071-4.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23371552

Rafelski SM, Viana MP, Zhang Y, Chan YH, Thorn KS, Yam P, Fung JC, Li H, Costa L da F, Marshall WF. Mitochondrial network size scaling in budding yeast. Science. 2012 Nov 9:338(6108):822-4.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23139336

Kraft C, Kijanska M, Kalie E, Siergiejuk E, Lee SS, Semplicio G, Stoffel I, Brezovich A, Verma M, Hansmann I, Ammerer G, HofmannK, Tooze S, Peter M. Binding of the Atg1/ULK1 kinase to the ubiquitin-like protein Atg8 regulates autophagy. EMBO J. 2012 Sep 12;31(18):3691-703.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22885598

Kono K, Saeki Y, Yoshida S, Tanaka K, Pellman D. Proteasomal degradation resolves competition between cell polarization and cellular wound healing. Cell. 2012 Jul 6;150(1):151-64. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22727045

Sanchez-Diaz A, Nkosi PJ, Murray S, Labib K. The Mitotic Exit Network and Cdc14 phosphatase initiate cytokinesis by counteracting CDK phosphorylations and blocking polarised growth. EMBO J. 2012 Aug 29;31(17):3620-34.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22872148

Wei P, Wong WW, Park JS, Corcoran EE, Peisajovich SG, Onuffer JJ, Weiss A, Lim WA. Bacterial virulence proteins as tools to rewire kinase pathways in yeast and immune cells. Nature. 2012 Aug 16;488(7411):384–8.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22820255

Bermejo C, Haerizadeh F, Takanaga H, Chermak D, Frommer WB. Optical sensors for measuring dynamic changes of cytosolic metabolite levels in yeast. Nat Protoc. 2011 Oct 27;6(11):1806-17. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22036883

Eser U, Falleur-Fettig M, Johnson A, Skotheim JM. Commitment to a cellular transition precedes genome-wide transcriptional change. Mol Cell. 2011 Aug 19;43(4):515–27.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/21855792

Dechant R, Binda M, Lee SS, Pelet S, Winderickx J, Peter M. Cytosolic pH is a second messenger for glucose and regulates the PKA pathway through V-ATPase. EMBO J. 2010 Aug 4;29(15):2515–26.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20581803

Manzoni R, Montani F, Visintin C, Caudron F, Ciliberto A, Visintin R. Oscillations in Cdc14 release and sequestration reveal a circuit underlying mitotic exit. J Cell Biol. 2010 Jul 26;190(2):209-22. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20660629

Furuya K, Niki H. The DNA damage checkpoint regulates a transition between yeast and hyphal growth in Schizosaccharomyces japonicus. Mol Cell Biol. 2010 Jun;30(12):2909-17. doi: 10.1128/MCB.00049-10. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20368354

Octavio LM, Gedeon K, Maheshri N. Epigenetic and conventional regulation is distributed among activators of FLO11 allowing tuning of population-level heterogeneity in its expression. PLoS Genet. 2009 Oct;5(10):e1000673.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19209350

### A Growing Array of Distinguished Publications

### **Bacteria**

Sutterlin HA, Shi H, May KL, Miguel A, Khare S, Huang KC, and Silhavy TJ. Disruption of lipid homeostasis in the Gramnegative cell envelope activates a novel cell death pathway. PNAS. 2016 Feb; 10.1073/pnas.1601375113.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26929379

Prindle A, Liu J, Asally M, Ly S, Garcia-Ojalvo J, Süel GM. lon channels enable electrical communication in bacterial communities. Nature. 2015 Nov 5;527(7576):59-63. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26503040

Grangeon R, Zupan JR, Anderson-Furgeson J, and Zambryski PC. PopZ identifies the new pole, and PodJ identifies the old pole during polar growth in Agrobacterium tumefaciens. PNAS. 2015 Sep; 112:11666 - 11671.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26324921

Liu J, Prindle A, Humphries J, Gabalda-Sagarra M, Asally M, Lee DD, Ly S, Gacia-Ojalvo J, Süel GM. Metabolic co-dependence gives rise to collective oscillations within biofilms. Nature 2015 July 523:550-554.

#### http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26200335

Sieger B, Schubert K, Donovan C, Bramkamp M. The lipid II flippase RodA determines morphology and growth in Corynebacterium glutamicum. Mol Microbiol. 2013 Dec;90(5):966-82.

#### http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24118443

Gordon AJ, Satory D, Halliday JA, Herman C. Heritable change caused by transient transcription errors. PLoS Genet. 2013 Jun;9(6):e1003595.

#### http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23825966

Donovan C, Schauss A, Kramer R, Bramkamp M. Chromosome segregation impacts on cell growth and division site selection in Corynebacterium glutamicum. PLOS One, February 2013; 8(2): eSS078.

#### http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23405112

Enrique Rojas, Julie A. Theriot, and Kerwyn Casey Huang. Response of Escherichia coli growth rate to osmotic shock. PNAS, May 2014; 111: 7807 - 7812.

#### http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24821776

Young JW, Locke JC, Elowitz MB. Rate of environmental change determines stress response specificity. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2013 Mar 5;110(10):4140–5.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23407164

### **Algae**

Ludington WB, Shi LZ, Zhu Q, Berns MW, Marshall WF. Organelle size equalization by a constitutive process. Curr Biol. 2012 Nov 20;22(22):2173-9.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23084989

### Mammalian

Changou CA, Chen Y-R, Xing L, Yen Y, Chuang FYS, Cheng RH, Bold RJ, Ann DK, Kung H-J; Arginine starvation-associated atypical cellular death involves mitochondrial dysfunction, nuclear DNA leakage, and chromatin autophagy. PNAS, Sep 2014; 111: 14147 - 14152.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25122679

Zambrano S, De Toma I, Piffer A, Bianchi ME, Agresti A; NF- $\kappa$ B oscillations translate into functionally related patterns of gene expression; eLife 2016; 10.7554/eLife .09100.

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26765569

Park JS, Rhau B, Hermann A, McNally KA, Zhou C, Gong D, Weiner OD, Conklin BR, Onuffer J, Lim WA; Synthetic control of mammalian-cell motility by engineering chemotaxis to an orthogonal bioinert chemical signal. PNAS, Apr 2014; 111: 5896 – 5901

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24711398



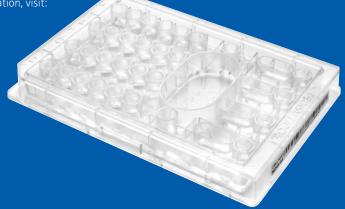
View the updated list of publications, review protocols and application data and watch video of live cells responding in real time by visiting: www.merckmillipore.com/cellasic



### **Ordering Information**

Description	Qty	Catalog No.
CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System and Manifolds		
CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System		CAX2-S0000
CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold XT (Temperature Controlled)		CAX2-MXT20
CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold Basic (No Temperature Control)		CAX2-MBC20
Microfluidic Plates		
CellASIC® ONIX Plate for Haploid Yeast Cells	5	Y04C-02-5PK
CellASIC® ONIX Plate for Diploid Yeast Cells	5	Y04D-02-5PK
CellASIC® ONIX Plate for Bacteria Cells	5	B04A-03-5PK
CellASIC® ONIX Switching Plate for Mammalian Cells	5	M04S-03-5PK
CellASIC® ONIX Gradient Plate for Mammalian Cells	5	M04G-02-5PK
CellASIC® ONIX Open-Top Plate for Mammalian Cells	5	M04L-03-5PK
CellASIC® ONIX Plate for <i>Chlamydomonas</i> Cells	5	C04A-01-5PK

For a complete list of products and information, visit: www.merckmillipore.com/cellasic



### **Technical Specifications**

General	
	System: 330 mm wide × 306 mm deep × 108 mm high
	(13 in. × 12 in. × 4.25 in.)
Weight	System: 6.7 kg (14.75 lb)
Power consumption	100–240 VAC, 50/60 Hz 40 W
Cooling mode	Air cooled (natural convection)
Environmental conditions	For indoor laboratory use
Operating temperature	20 °C to 30 °C
Storage temperature	5 °C to 35 °C
Stability of sample chamber temperature	± 0.2 °C
Rise time (25 °C to 37 °C)	< 30 minutes
Cooling time (37 °C to 25 °C)	< 30 minutes
Flow Control	
Number of outputs	8 (each addressable by either of two pressure controllers)
Pressure range	-50 to 70 kPa (-7.25-10.2 psi)
Pressure accuracy	± 1.5 kPa (0.22 psi)
Pressure stabilization time	within ± 5 kPa (0.73 psi) in < 5 seconds
Gas Environment Control	
	Option to electronically select between two premixed gasses and set flow rate to slow or fast.
	Clean, dry, premixed gas mixtures containing air, CO2, N2, and oxygen (up to 25%), regulated to between 100 kPa and 700 kPa (15 psi and 100 psi)
Gas consumption	Slow flow: 5 mL/min ± 2 mL/min
	Fast flow: 50 mL/min ± 20 mL/min
Cell culture region gas	For gas flow at 3 mL/min: < 10% deviation from delivered gas concentration
environment accuracy	For gas flow at 30 mL/min: < 2% deviation from delivered gas concentration
Temperature Control	
Temperature control range	Room temperature to 40 °C
Control method	Bi-directional PID
	$\pm$ 1 °C (using the CAX2-ACT20 ONIX2 Temperature Calibration Plate can result in accuracy as high as $\pm$ 0.2 °C)
Computer Requirements	
Operating system	Windows® 7, or Windows® 10 (32 or 64 bit)
Random access memory (RAM)	4 GB or higher
Monitor	1920x1080 resolution or higher
	200 MB or higher
Hardware interface	USB 2.0 or higher
Microscope Requirements	
Туре	Inverted microscope
Stage weight capacity	For CAX2-MXT20 CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold XT and filled plate: 325 g (11.1 oz)
	For CAX2-MBC20 CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold Basic and filled plate: 150 g (5.3 oz)
	For CAX2-MXT20 CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold XT: 28 mm (0.9 in)
all attacks	For CAX2-MBC20 CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold Basic: 28 mm (0.9 in)
Maximum condenser diameter	For CAX2-MXT20 CellASIC® ONIX2 Manifold XT: 70 mm (2.8 in)

# Streamline your cell culture workflow, and get the most from your CellASIC® ONIX2 Microfluidic System.

Explore our cell culture tools, antibodies, reagents, small molecules and kits for cell-based assays, including reagents specifically optimized for the cell culture workflow and live cell analysis.

#### Cell Culture

For the most convenient, reliable, analysis-ready cell cultures, count on Merck Millipore's wide variety of devices and surfaces to provide cell growth, structure, and function that more closely mimic what occurs in vivo. Spend less time growing cells and fumbling with clumsy devices and more time on your research.

Learn more at:

www.merckmillipore.com/cellculture

#### Sterile Filtration

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### Small Molecule Inhibitors, Activators, Libraries and Pathway Panels

Perturbing cellular pathways using small molecules and then using live cell analysis to analyze impacts on cells in real time can translate into powerful biological discoveries. Merck Millipore's Calbiochem® libraries, pathway panels and individual reagents offer the widest and most cited selection of small molecule inhibitors and activators worldwide.

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#### Live Cell RNA Detection

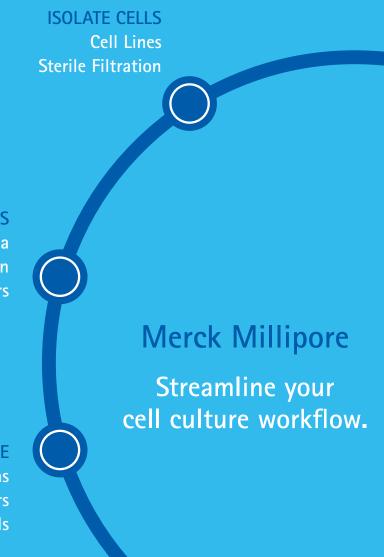
SmartFlare™ RNA Detection Probes quantitatively reveal expression of specific RNAs inside living cells. Following a single, nontoxic, overnight incubation, fluorescent signal corresponding to the presence of target RNAs can be detected using microscopy, flow cytometry or other detection platforms. The same cells can be then used for downstream biochemical or functional analyses.

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